

Inorganic Cumulative Exam

Prof. Teo, April 5, 07

(Total 8 questions, 2x10+6x20=140 points)

Explain/calculate the following terms/parameters:

1. K_{α} and K_{β} of copper.
2. L_1 , L_2 , and L_3 edges of gold.
3. Predict the NMR spectra of B_2H_6 (Hint: ^{11}B , $I = 3/2$, 80.4%; ^{10}B , $I = 3$, 19.6%; $J(^{11}B-^1H_{\text{bridging}}) < J(^{11}B-^1H_{\text{terminal}})$):
 - (a) ^{11}B NMR.
 - (b) Proton-decoupled ^{11}B NMR.
 - (c) 1H NMR (terminal).
 - (d) 1H NMR (bridging).
 - (e) Indicate the relative intensities of terminal vs. bridging protons.
 - (f) Indicate how the coupling constants $J(^{11}B-^1H_{\text{bridging}})$ and $J(^{11}B-^1H_{\text{terminal}})$ can be obtained from the spectra.
4. Magnetic moments of $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{2+}$ and $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$.
5. Assuming that the electron transfer between $[Co(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$ and $[Co(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$ involves pre-excitations of both ions, calculate the activation energy for this reaction (by further assuming that it is the sum of the one-electron excitation energies for the two ions) in terms of the crystal field splittings, Δ_2 and Δ_3 ,

and the pairing energies, P_2 and P_3 , for the divalent and trivalent metal ions, respectively. (In reality, the electron transfer reaction involves coupling of vibrational and electronic motions, among other effects.)

6. How are $[\text{P}_7]^{3-}$ and P_4S_3 related? Count electrons and predict the structures of these clusters.
7. How are $[\text{Ge}_9]^{2-}$, $[\text{Ge}_9]^{3-}$, and $[\text{Ge}_9]^{4-}$ related? Count electrons and predict the structures of these clusters.
8. Predict also the structure of the yet unknown Ge_9 and $[\text{Ge}_9]^{6-}$ clusters.